

# Comparative study of prisoners' rights in Iran and Lebanon

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## The purpose of the research

One of suitable methods for measuring the performance of the commandments and laws of the country, comparing and matching with the laws of other countries, of course, is effective when the two countries to adapt the religious and cultural to a great extent identical to each other so the goal research the rights of prisoners in Iran and Lebanon compare the strengths and weaknesses of these laws and regulations relating to prisons and prisoners in Iran to be identified.

## Methodology

The methodology used in this study is Library research and researchers began with a review of prison regulations in the two countries, the main resource for research is criminal law and regulation of prison Organization in two country then study of this document were able us to determine of prisoners' rights in the two countries.

## Rights of Prisoners

Incarceration of offenders do with the goal of eliminate of freedom and therefore should not create the impression that the imprisonment of the offender shall be deprived of his social and personal rights, Prisoners right can include physical and material aspects that are essential to the survival of prisoners Such as food, clothing, hygiene and medical care, and including immaterial rights such as education, employment and meeting prisoners, The purpose of the enactment of this legislation at the first is, all prisoners have equal rights, and secondly that the prison officials Personal opinions do not use. the rights of prisoners in Lebanon, according to the regulations of prisons, detention

centers and correctional institutions, education is an expression that has been modified for the last time in 2005, Prisoners' rights in Iran accordance with new regulations and security measures, and educational organizations, prisons of the Islamic Republic Act 2005 and its amendment in 2011 offered.

## Conclusion

The result of this study indicate that in the current Century the structure of prison in the most of legal systems has changed and Torture removed from the prison, also educational environment has been replaced in the prison. That's why most legal scholars believe that prisoners in prison should be reformed until overcome the disability of his personality. The comparative study of prisoners' rights in Lebanon and Iran show that material and spiritual rights of prisoners are emphasized in two countries and the both country Emphasis that prison is the main places of Criminal Enforcement depriving of Freedom, reform and rehabilitation of offenders is considered. The results indicate that the rights of prisoners in Iran and Lebanon Similar in many respects and there are slightly differences in the details that are as follows:

- About feeding: in both country emphases on good nutrition, the only difference is that in Lebanon the amount of each of the ingredients are listed in detail.
- About Clothing: in Lebanese prisons greater convenience for clothing of prisoners are considered.
- About Clean the inside prisons: in both countries stressed that his cleanliness inside the room, wash and disinfect prison environment should be done by

prisoner and differences between the two countries is not observed.

- About visiting of prisoners: both countries allows for first degree relatives, met in special rooms and Specific time is possible, the only difference is that in Iran the visiting time is time in more than Lebanon.
- About employment of prisoners: in both countries emphasis on providing employment opportunities for prisoners and expressed that all prisoners Salary should not pay to prisoner but some of its should be paid to family members, the only difference is that in Lebanon part of the prisoner's salary is paid to the creditors of prisoner.

## Resources

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